

# Safe Control of a Pneumatic Muscle Powered System

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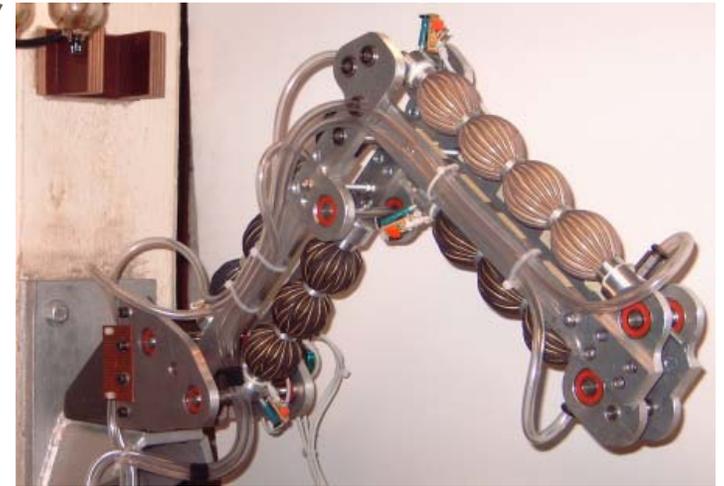
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# Overview

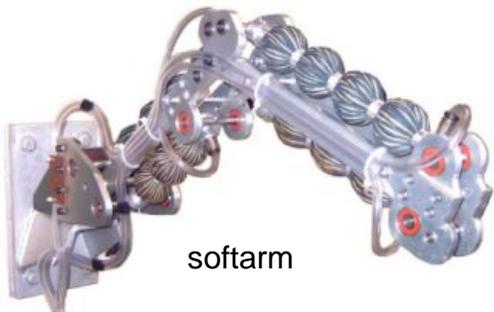
- Actuators
- Safety
- Safe control: PSMC
- Conclusion



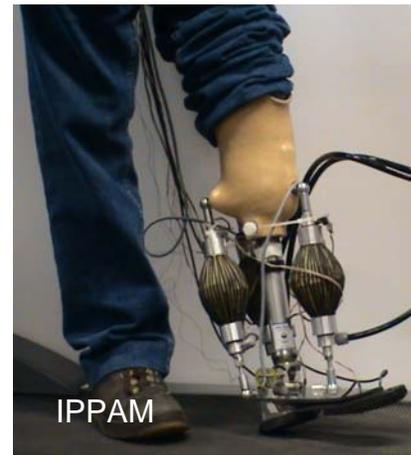
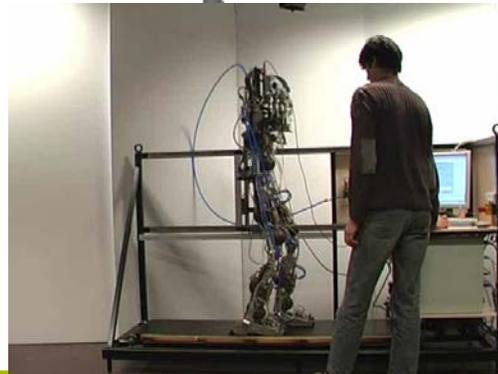
# Pleated Pneumatic Artificial Muscle



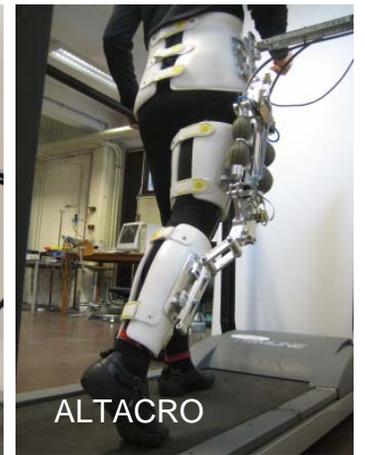
- Pleated membrane
- Low weight (< 150 g!)
- High force levels
- Scalable
- No stick-slip
- No threshold pressure
- Direct joint attachment
  - No gear reduction, no backlash
- Inherent compliance



softarm



IPPAM



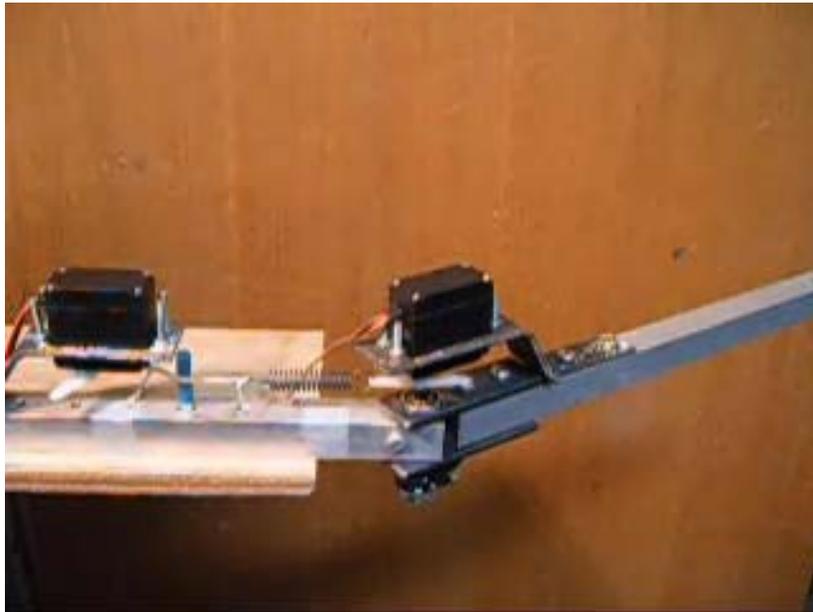
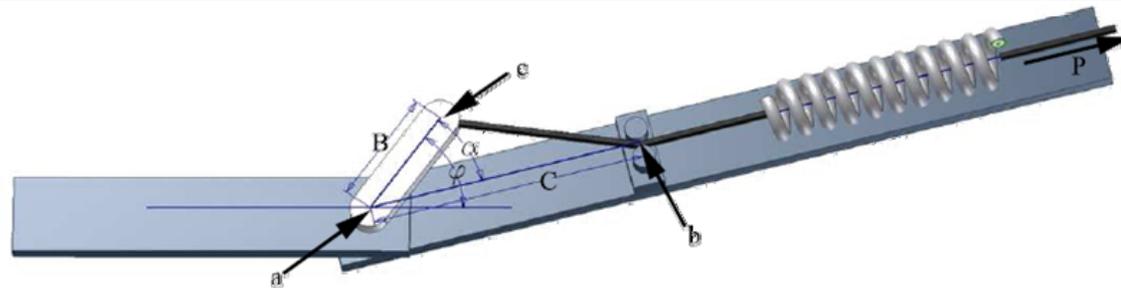
ALTACRO

Lucy

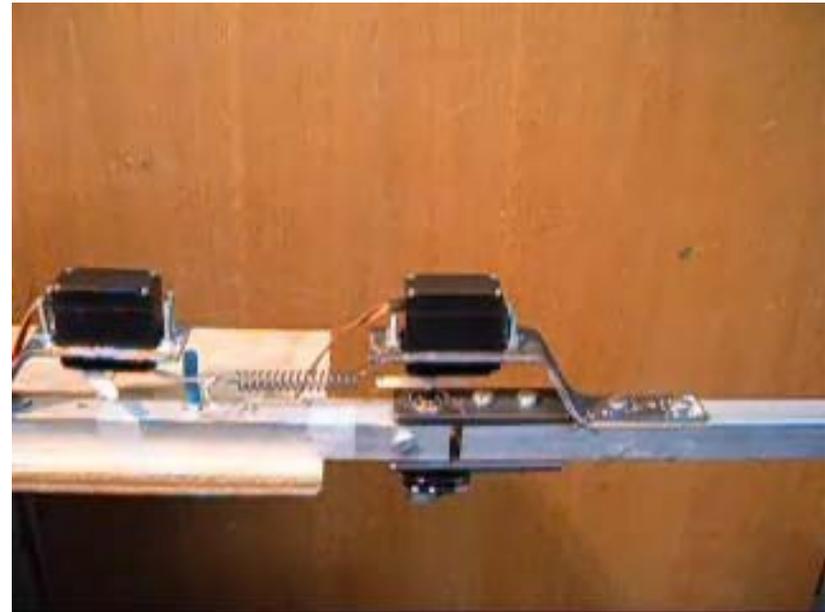
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# MACCEPA

(Mechanically Adjustable Compliance and Controllable Equilibrium Position Actuator)

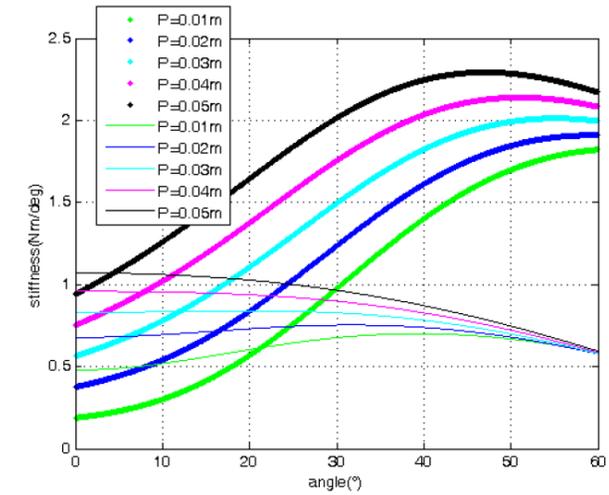
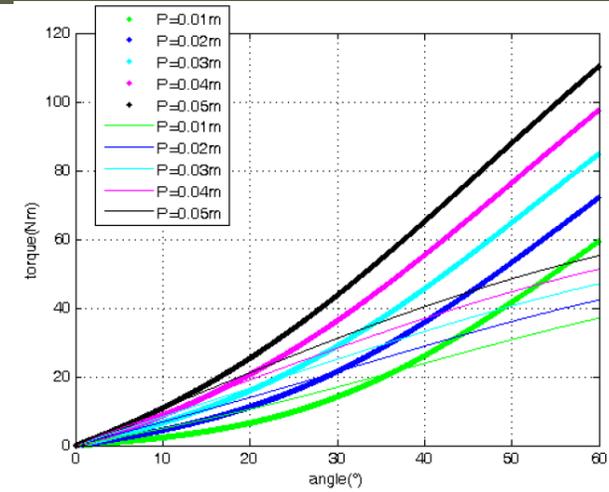
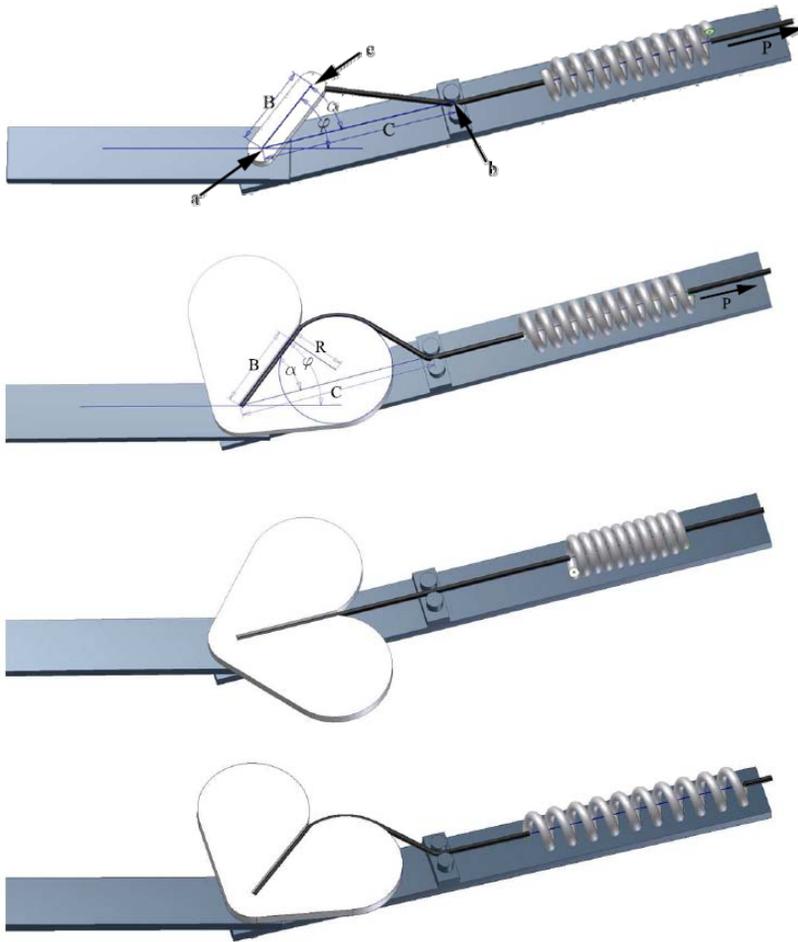


Controlling equilibrium position

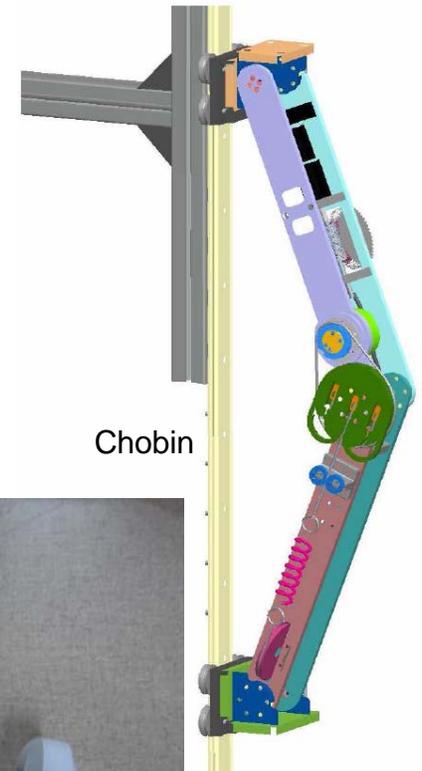
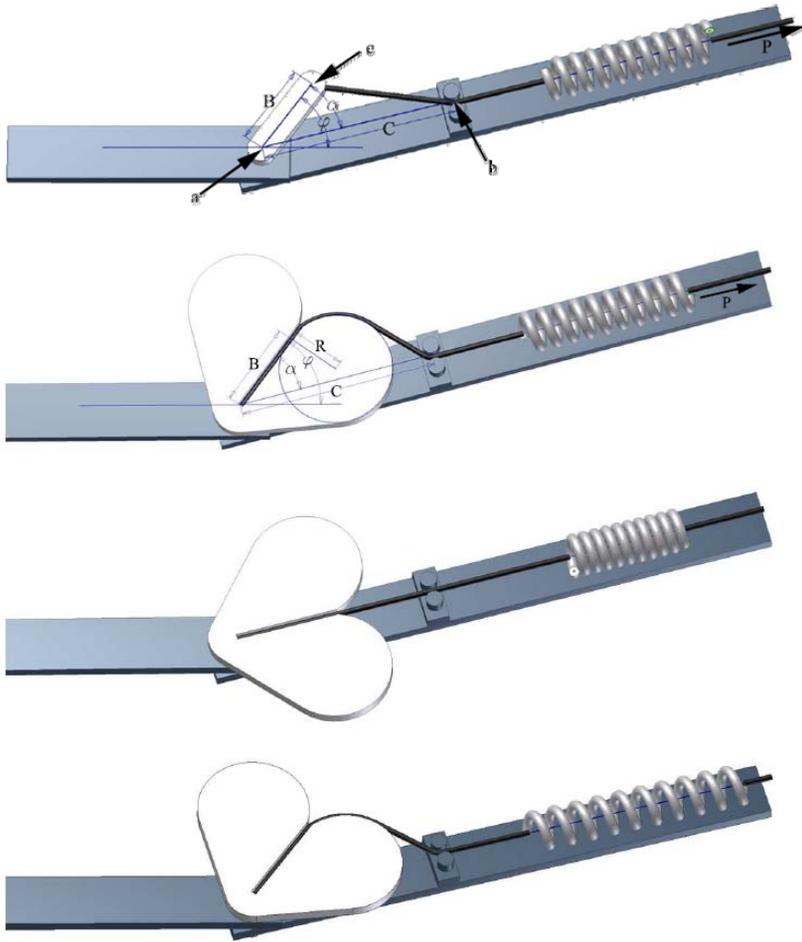


Controlling stiffness

# MACCEPA 1.0 + 2.0



# MACCEPA 1.0 + 2.0



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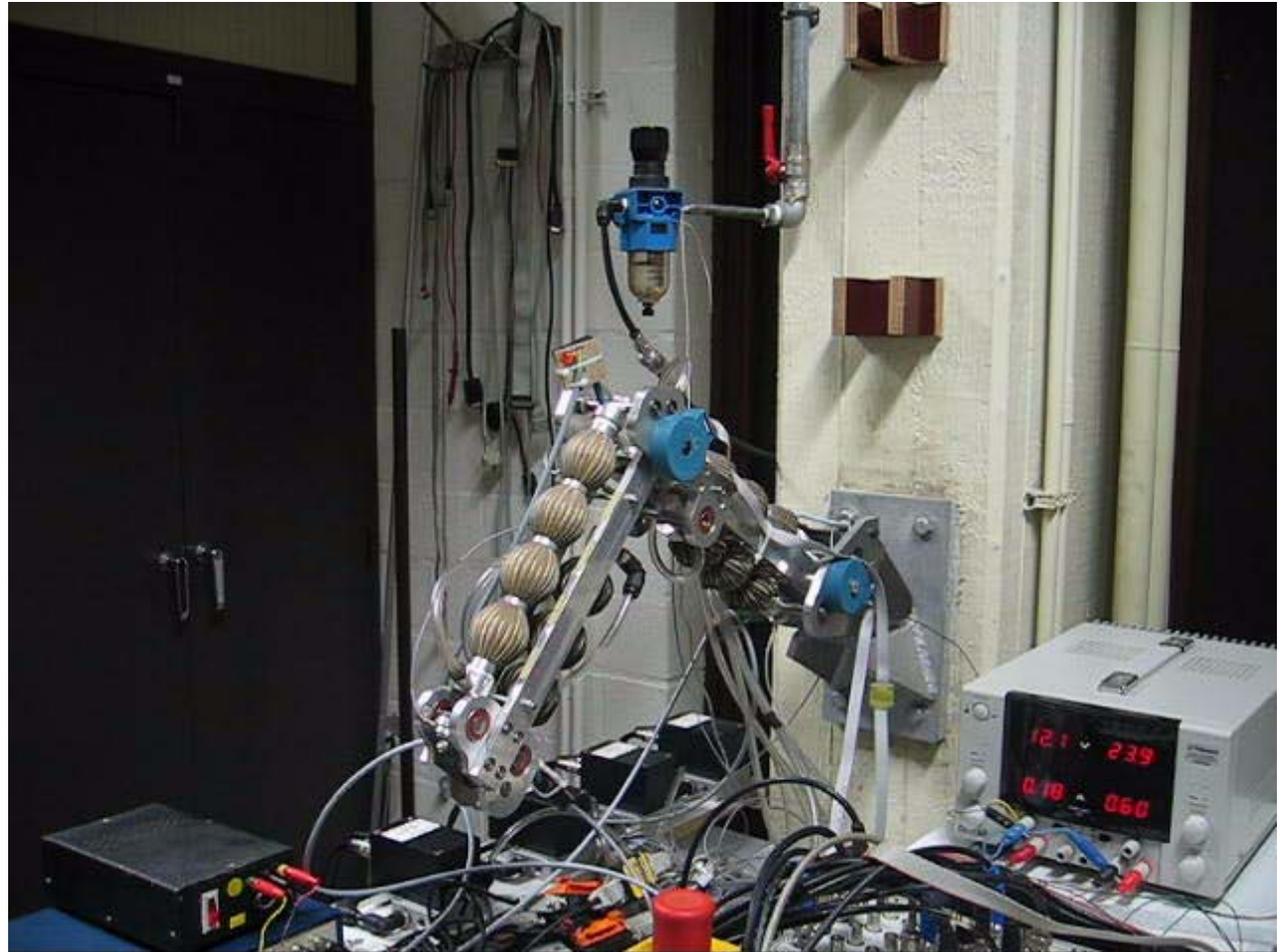
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# Safety - Motivation

- 2.5 kg
- Compliant actuation
  - PID controller

Safe?



# Safety - HIC

$$\text{HIC} = \max_{\Delta t} \left\{ \Delta t \left( \frac{1}{\Delta t} \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \|\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_H\| dt \right)^{2.5} \right\}$$

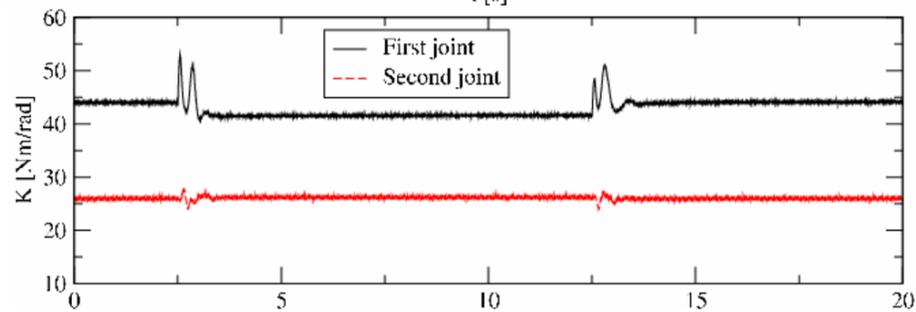
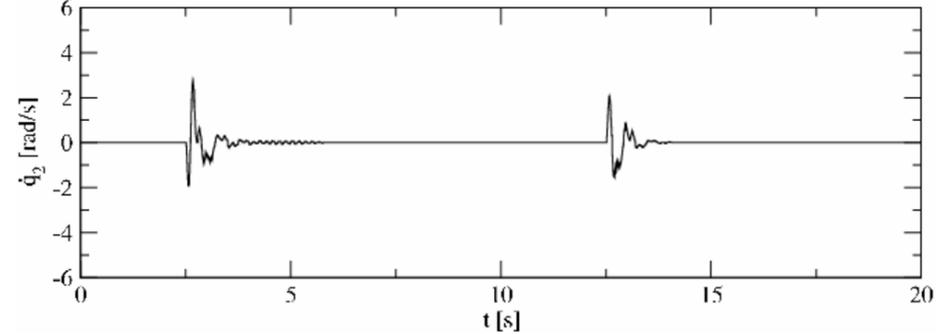
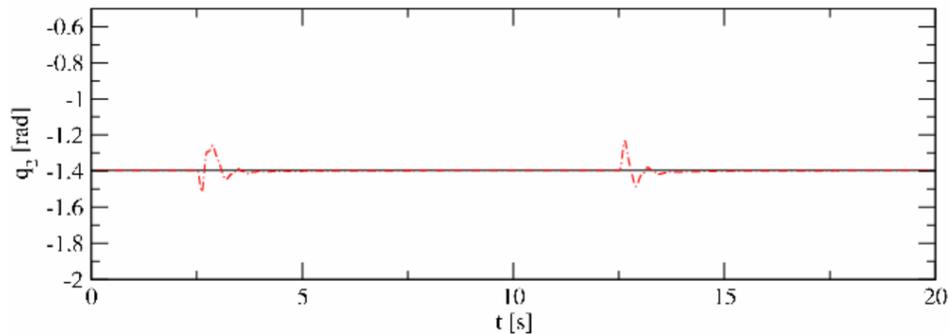
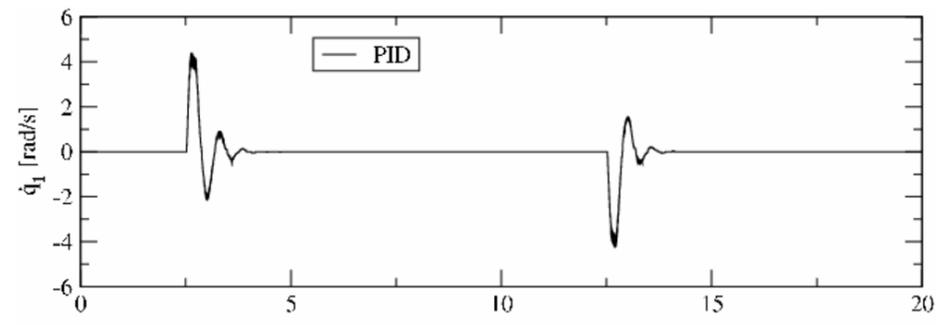
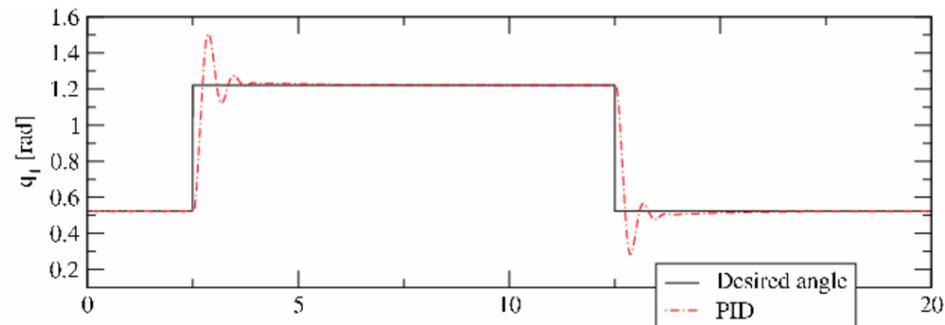
With:

- $\Delta t = t_2 - t_1 \leq 36 \text{ ms}$
- $\|\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_H\|$  measured in  $g$

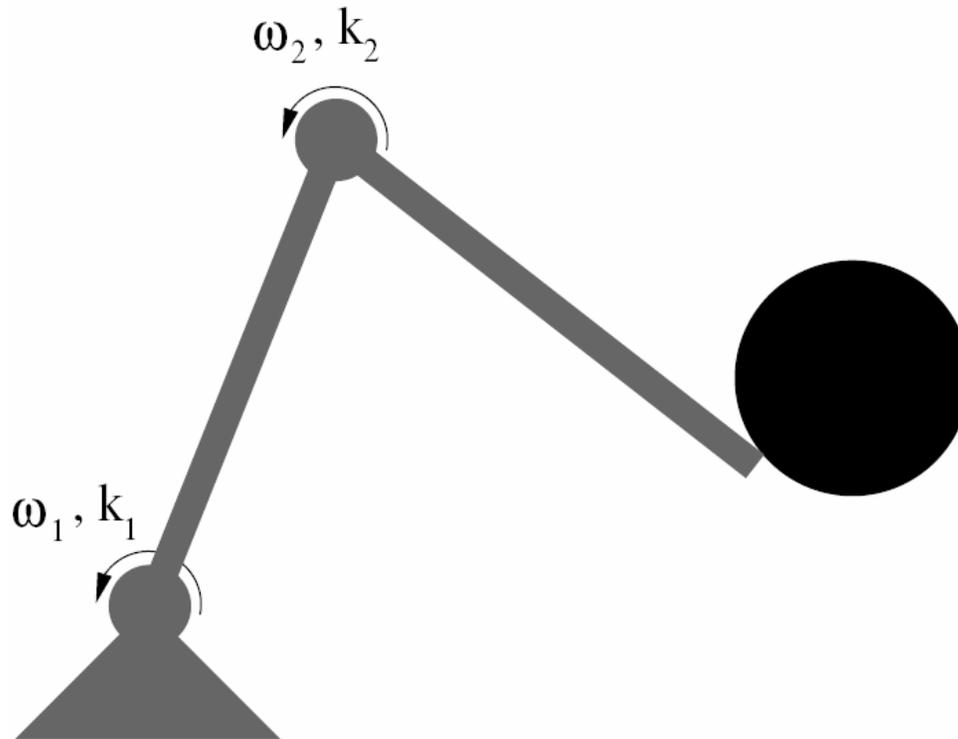
Introduced in robotics in:

- Zinn, M., Roth, B., Khatib O., and Salisbury, J. K.,  
A New Actuation Approach for Human Friendly Robot Design,  
The International Journal of Robotics Research, 23(4-5):379-398, 2004
- Bicchi, A. and Tonietti, G., Fast and Soft Arm Tactics: Dealing with the  
Safety-Performance Trade-Off in Robot Arms Design and Control,  
IEEE Robotics and Automation Magazine 11(2):22-33, 2004

# Safety – PID Step



# Safety - Simulations



Hunt-Crossley contact model: Haddadin, S., Albu-Schäffer, A., and Hirzinger, G., Safety Evaluation of Physical Human-Robot Interaction via Crash-Testing. RSS2007.

# Safety - Results

HIC: 4.81

$F_{\max}$ : 1524 N

- 2.5 kg
- Compliant actuation
- PID controller

**Unsafe!**

# Overview

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# Control

## Issues:

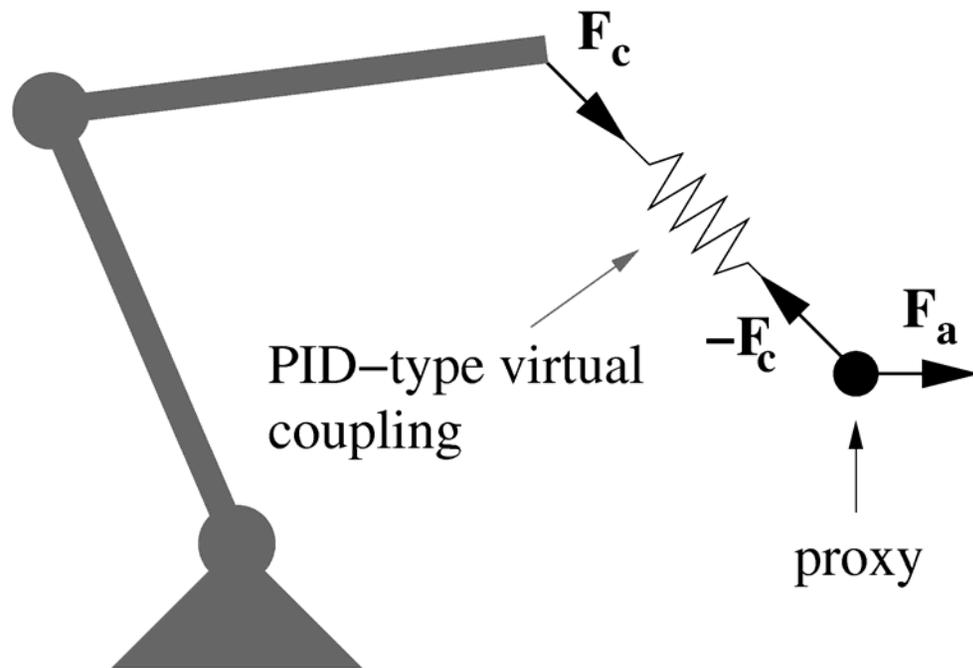
- Nonlinearity in actuators and pressure regulating valves
- Imprecise knowledge of actuator parameters (slenderness)
- Gauge pressure settling time
- Coupling between gauge pressures and link angles and angular velocities
- Compliance

# Control - PID

## PID + Gravity compensation

- Low gains: safe, very bad performance
- Higher gains: unsafe, acceptable performance
- Even higher gains: instability

# Proxy-Based Sliding Mode Control: Idea



$$\boldsymbol{\tau} = \mathbf{J}^T \mathbf{F}_c$$

- No Chattering
- Safe response to large position errors

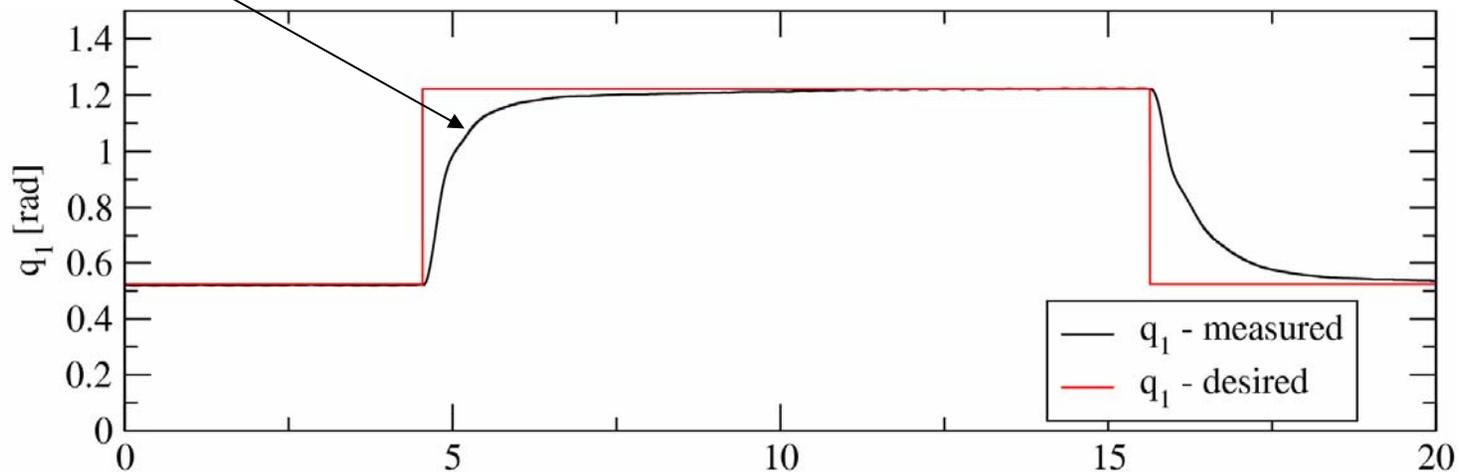
Ryo Kikuuwe and Hideo Fujimoto, "Proxy-based sliding mode control for accurate and safe position control", Proceedings of the 2006 IEEE International conference on Robotics and Automation, 2006, pp. 25-30.

# Why?

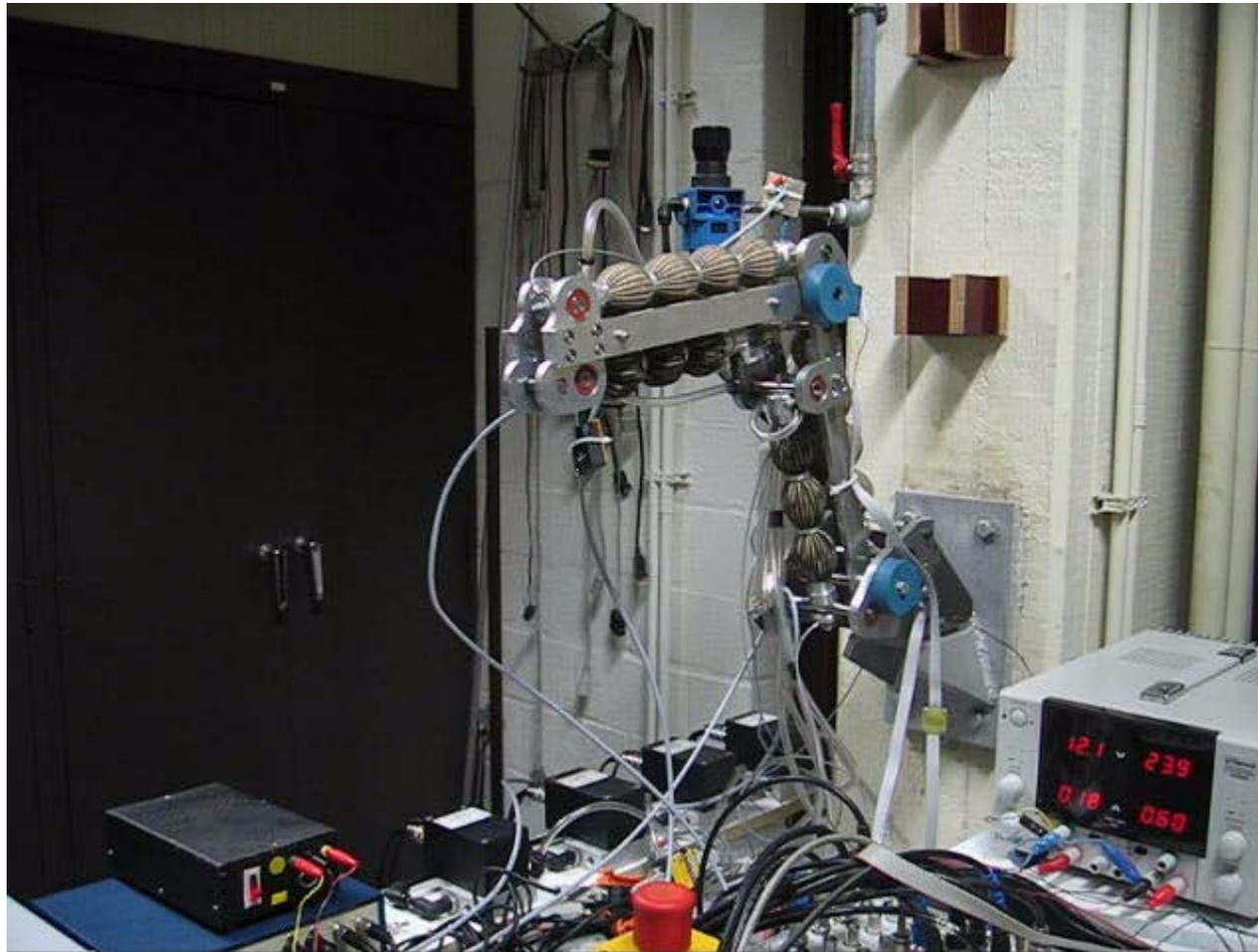
$$\mathbf{s} = 0 = (\mathbf{r}_d - \mathbf{r}_p) + \lambda (\dot{\mathbf{r}}_d - \dot{\mathbf{r}}_p)$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{\mathbf{r}}_p = \frac{1}{\lambda} (\mathbf{r}_d - \mathbf{r}_p) + \dot{\mathbf{r}}_d$$

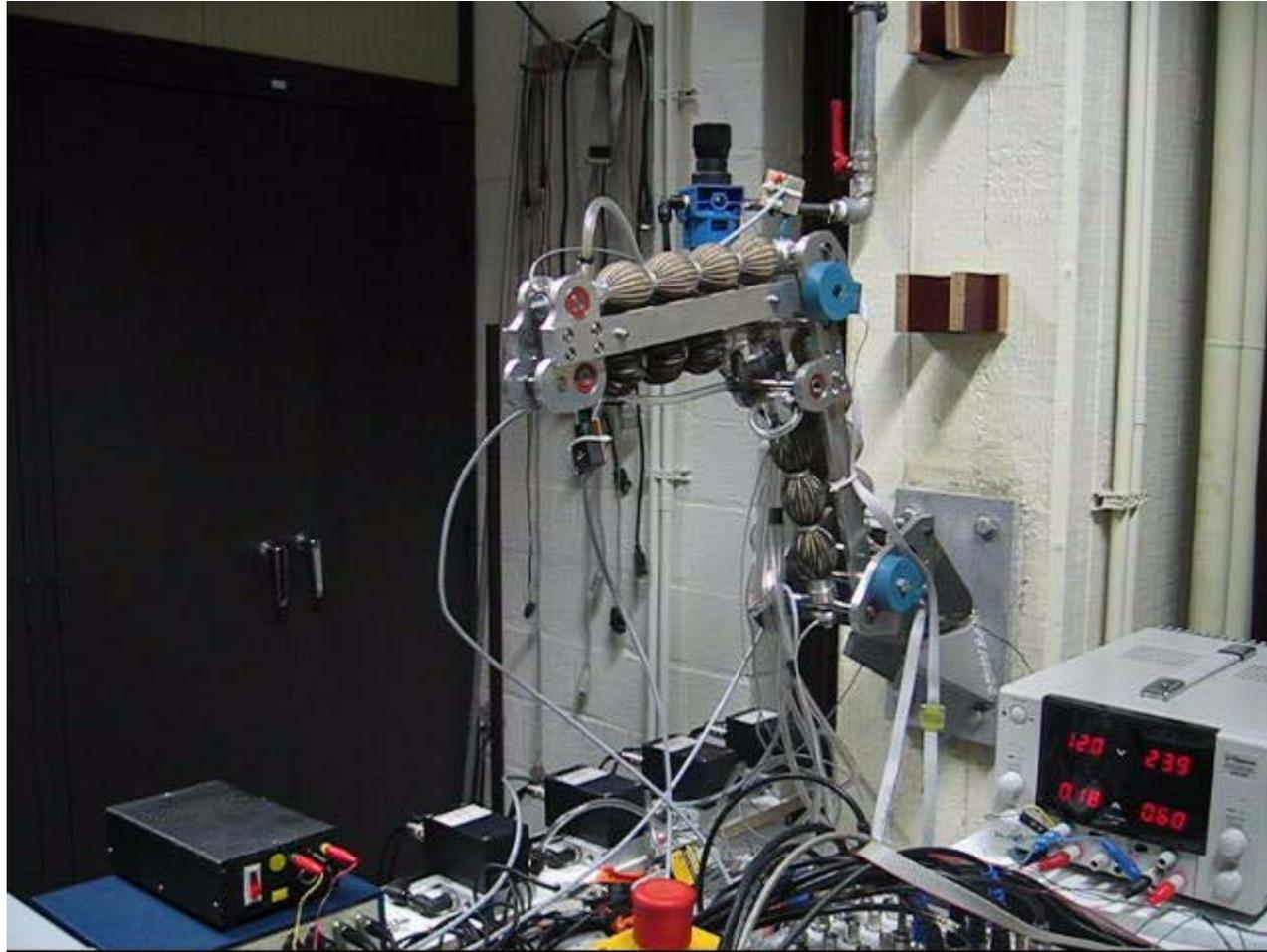
Overdamped  
respons



# Step response ( $\lambda=0.4$ )



# Step response ( $\lambda=0.8$ )



# Safety

PID:

HIC: 4.81

$F_{\max}$ : 1524 N

Unsafe!

PSMC:

( $\lambda = 0.4$ )

HIC: 0.29

$F_{\max}$ : 375 N

safe!

PSMC:

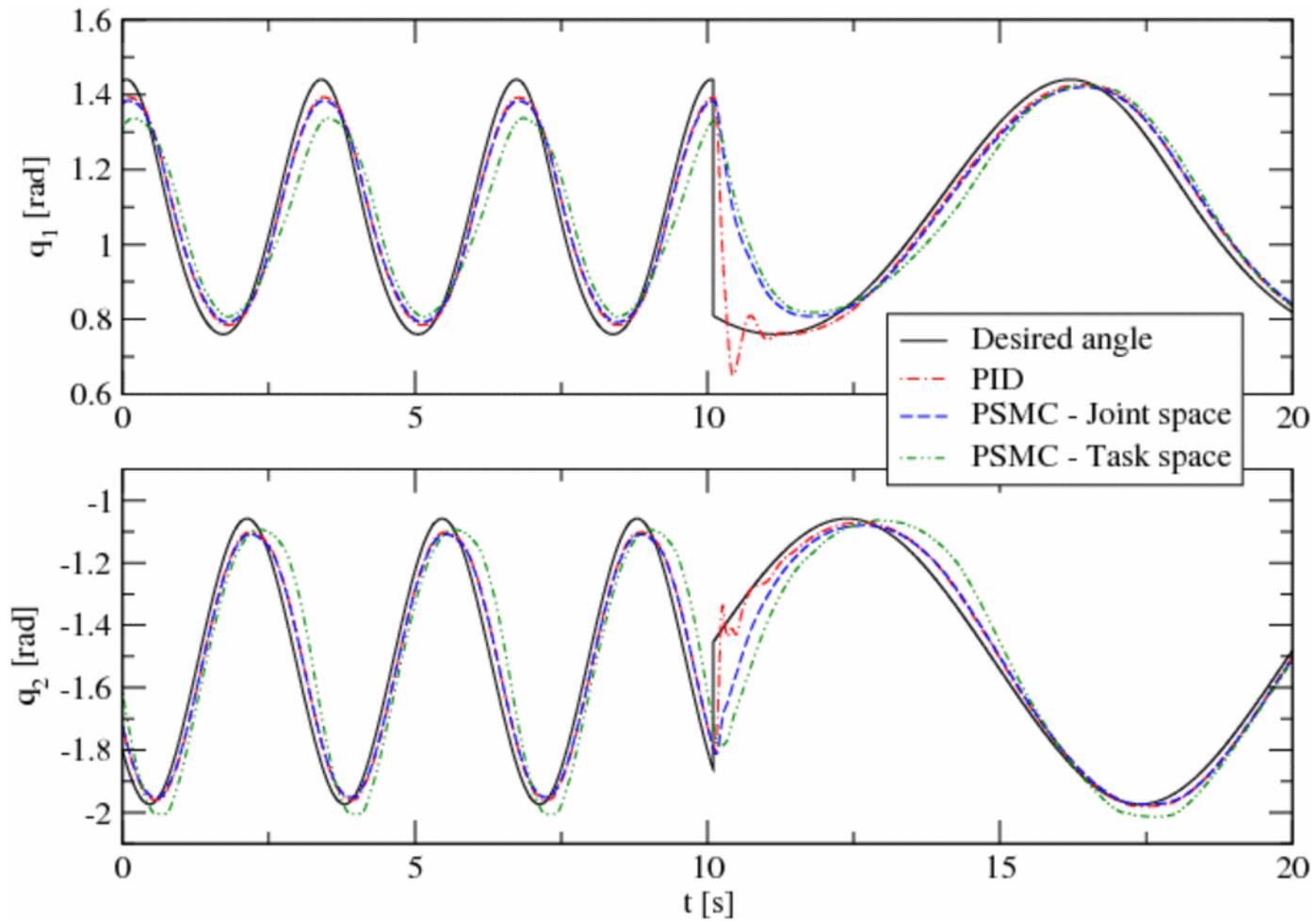
( $\lambda = 0.8$ )

HIC: 0.05

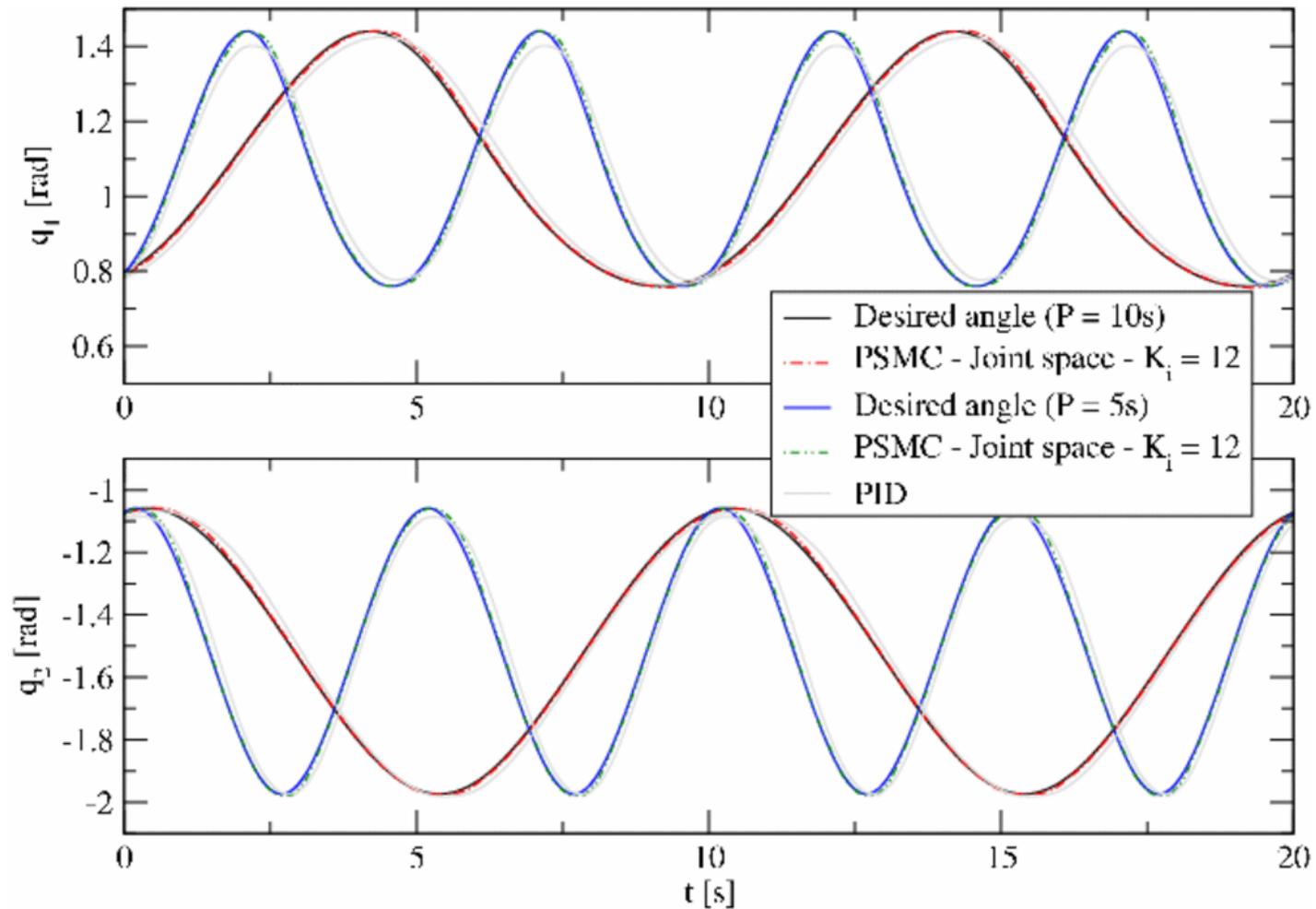
$F_{\max}$ : 170 N

safe!

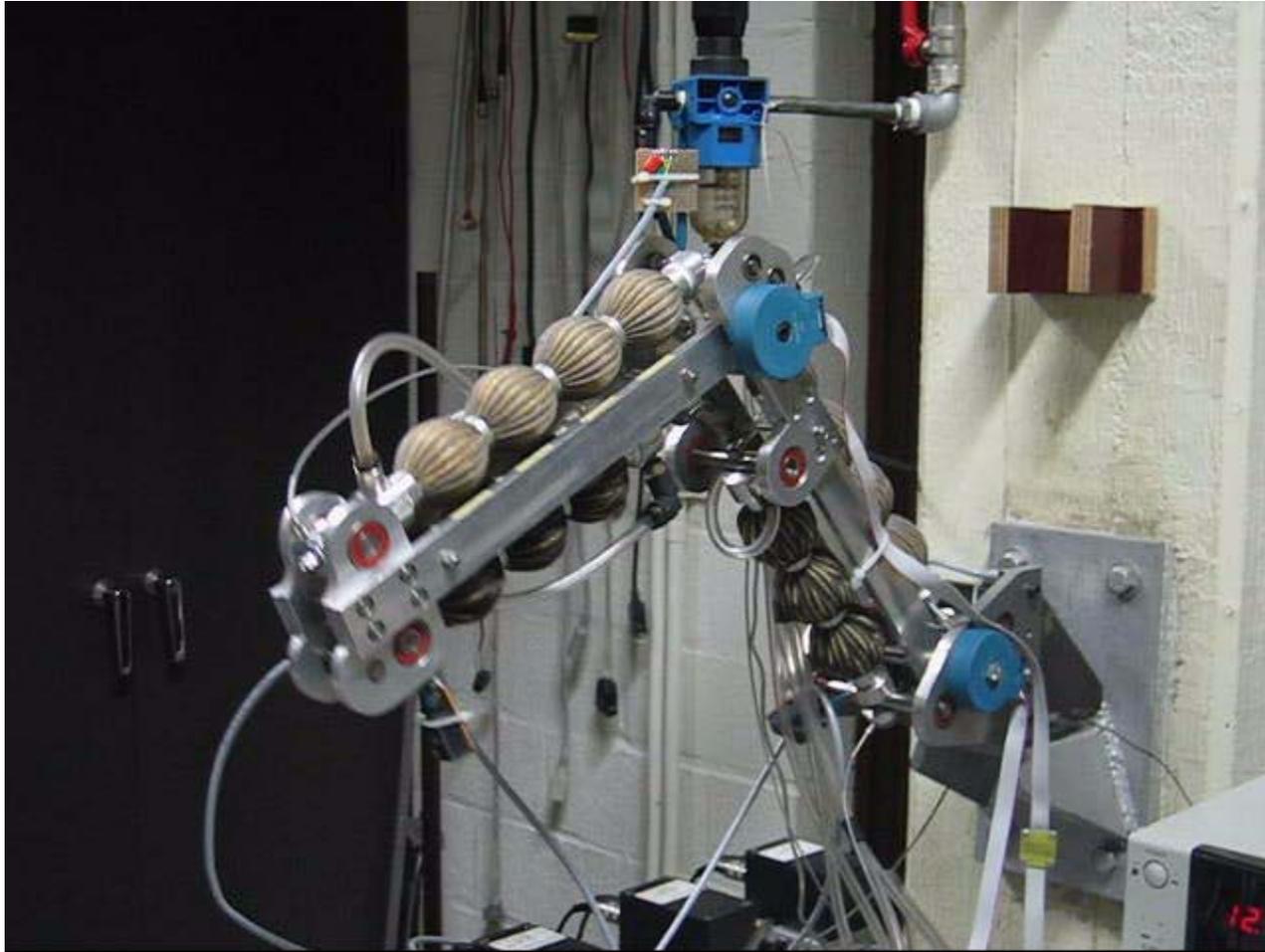
# Tracking Performance



# Tracking Performance



# Safe hardware + controller



# Conclusion

- Hardware safety features alone are not enough
  - System unsafe when under PID control
- Control has to be designed with safety in mind
- PSMC improves safety and provides good tracking performance for pneumatic muscle systems

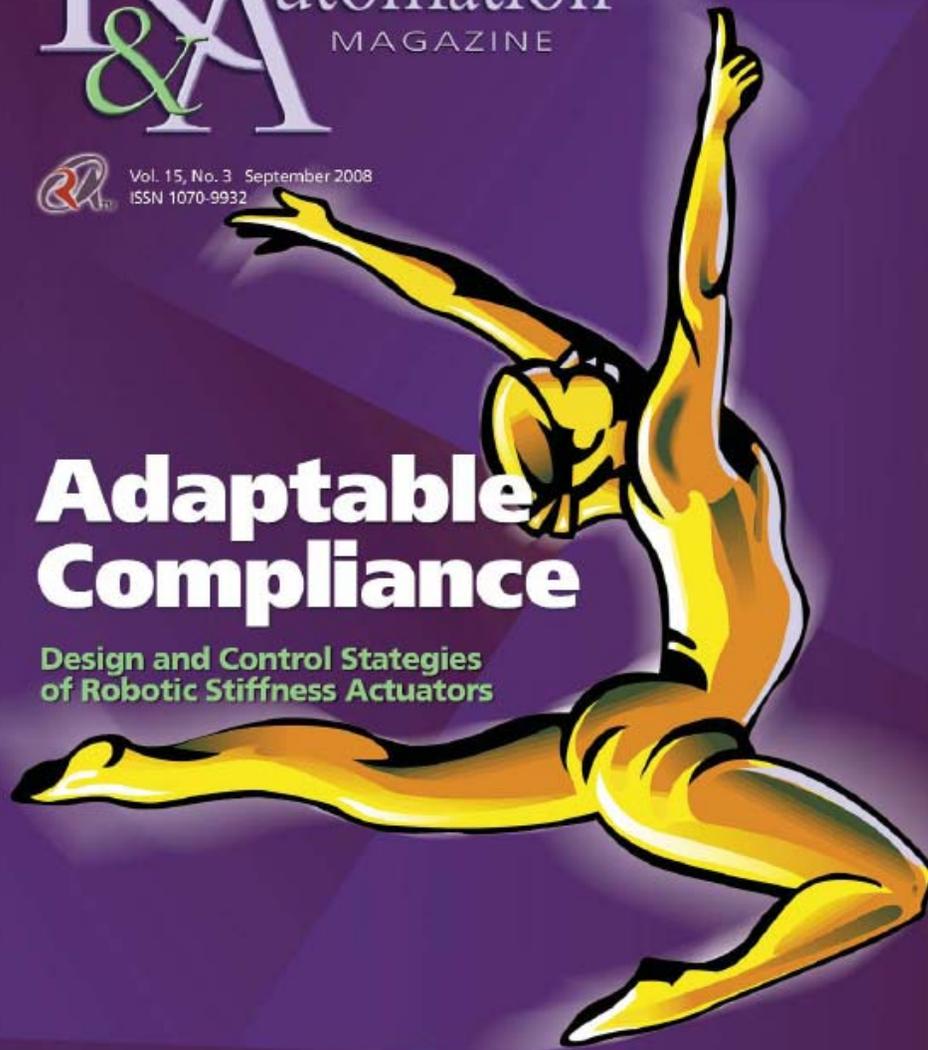
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# Adaptable Compliance

Design and Control Strategies  
of Robotic Stiffness Actuators



 IEEE

# Thank you!

